Epsom Primary and Nursery School

SUPPORTING CHILDREN WITH MEDICAL NEEDS POLICY

Date of issue: January 2021 Owner: SENCo

Date of review: January 2022 Governor with SEND Oversight: Catherine Hickson

Signed...... Date.....

Introduction:

Most pupils will have at some time a medical condition that may affect their participation in school activities. For many this will be short-term; perhaps finishing a course of medication. Other pupils have medical conditions that, if not properly managed, could limit their access to education. Such pupils are regarded as having **medical needs**. Most children with medical needs are able to attend school regularly and with some support from school, can take part in most normal school activities. However, staff may need to take extra care in supervising some activities to make sure that these pupils, and others, are not put at risk.

There will be some pupils whose access to the curriculum is impaired not so much by the need to take medication but that their condition brings with it a level of dependency on adult support to meet their personal needs. This policy seeks to include these pupils and their needs. Parents or guardians have prime responsibility for their child's health and should provide school with the information about their child's medical condition.

There is no legal duty which requires school staff to administer medication; this is a voluntary role however school should take all reasonable steps to ensure a pupil can attend school without interruption to their education. Staff who provide support for pupils with medical needs, or who volunteer to administer medication, should receive support from the head and parent, access to information and training, and reassurance about their legal liability. Staff should whenever they feel it necessary consult with their respective professional associations.

Children and young people with medical conditions are entitled to a full education and have the same rights of admission to school as other children. Pupils with a medical condition will not be denied admission or be prevented from taking up a place in school because arrangements for their medical condition have not been made.

Aims:

Pupils at Epsom Primary and Nursery School with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they can play an active part in school, remaining healthy and able to achieve their academic potential, with full access to education, including school trips and physical education. In addition to this, the aim is for all pupils receiving care for their medical conditions in school is that they are able to become as independent in managing their conditions as possible.

Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on governing bodies of maintained schools, proprietors of academies and management committees of PRUs to make arrangements for supporting pupils at their school with medical conditions.

Definition of the term Medical Condition used in this context:

A medical condition is a long term condition with acute episodes, requires ongoing support, and involves the need for medication and/or care whilst at school. The condition will need monitoring and could require immediate intervention in emergency circumstances. Some children with medical

conditions may be disabled. Where this is the case the Governing body must comply with their duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision. For children with SEND, this guidance should be read in conjunction with the SEND Code of Practice 2015 and the School Offer.

Statement of Intent

All pupils attending the school with a medical condition (meeting the above definition) must have an Individual Healthcare Plan (appendix 1).

Responsibilities:

It is important that responsibilities for pupils' safety is clearly defined and that each person involved with pupils medical needs is aware of what is expected of them. Close co-operation between school, parents, health professionals and other agencies will help provide a suitably supportive environment for pupils with medical needs.

Local Authority (LA)

The LA is responsible under the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974, for making sure that a school has a Health and Safety Policy. This should include procedures for supporting pupils with medical needs, and managing medication. In the event of legal action over an allegation of negligence, the employer rather than the employee is likely to be held responsible. It is the employer's responsibility to ensure that correct procedures are followed.

Where pupils would not receive a suitable education in a mainstream school because of their health needs, the Local Authority has a duty to make other arrangements. Please refer to the Local Offer Website for more details. Statutory guidance for local authorities sets out that they should be ready to make arrangements under this duty when it is clear that a child will be away from school for 15 days or more because of health needs.

Governors:

The Governing body must ensure that arrangements are in place in school to support pupils with medical conditions. In doing so, they should ensure that such children can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child. The school, Local Authority, health professionals and other support services should work together to ensure that children with medical conditions receive a full education.

The Governing body should ensure that the school's leaders liaise with health and social care professionals, pupils and parents to ensure that the needs of children with medical conditions are effectively supported. The needs of each individual child must be considered and how their medical condition impacts on their school life.

The Governing body must ensure that the arrangements they put in place are sufficient to meet their statutory responsibilities and should ensure that policies, plans, procedures and systems are properly and effectively implemented. This aligns with their wider safeguarding duties.

Policies should be reviewed regularly and be readily accessible to parents and school staff.

The Governing body will ensure that:

- The Headteacher implements this policy effectively.
- The Individual Healthcare Plans are devised, implemented and monitored by the relevant parties
- The Deputy Head with Responsibility for Inclusion and/or the EYFS & KS1 SENCo works in partnership with the parents, pupil and relevant healthcare professionals.

- Written records are kept of all medicines administered to children.
- All Healthcare Plans (IHPs) actively support pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so.
- That staff are properly trained to provide the support that pupils need.
- That the school's policy sets out what should happen in an emergency situation.
- That the appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriately reflects the level of risk, with risk assessment being carried, when appropriate.
- That the school provides parents with information about the Local Offer and the School Offer including information displayed on the school website.
- That parents provide the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs. This will be prompted with an annual data check.

The Headteacher:

- Is responsible for implementing the governing body's policy in practice and for developing detailed procedures (Appendix 2).
- Should ensure that good lines of communications exist between parents and all relevant education and healthcare professionals exist.
- Should ensure that teachers who volunteer should receive proper training and support.
- Is responsible for the day to day decisions on administering medication.
- Must share information with relevant staff to ensure the best care for the child after seeking parental agreement to do so.
- Should ensure that wherever possible the parent is not inconvenienced from work in order to support the pupil or administer medication at school.

Parents and Guardians:

Parents, as defined in the Education Act 1944, are a child's main carers. They are responsible for making sure that their child is well enough to attend school.

Parents should:

- Provide the Head of School with sufficient information about their child's medical condition and treatment to allow the appropriate arrangements to be put in place in school.
- Reach agreement jointly with the school on the school's role in helping with their child's medical needs.
- Share information with staff is important to ensure the best care for the child.

The school will:

- Ensure that pupils with medical conditions are identified as they transfer into the school and through the ongoing annual data check process.
- Arrange for written permission from parents/carers and the Headteacher for medication to be administered by a member of staff, or self-administered by the pupil during school hours.
- Have separate arrangements in place for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the pupil can participate, e.g. risk assessments.
- Designate individuals to be entrusted with information about a pupil's condition; where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/child.
- Have an identified key person trained to specifically meet the needs of pupils with an EHCP linked to a medical condition.
- Always have a minimum of two members of staff available trained in first aid response with knowledge of the pupils with medical conditions and access to their IHCPs.
- Be clear about what to do in an emergency, including who to contact, and contingency arrangements. (Some children may have an emergency healthcare plan prepared by their lead clinician that could be used to inform development of their Individual Healthcare Plan.)

- Make all staff working directly with pupils aware of the pupils in the school with medical conditions, through RADAR meetings and display in staffroom.
- Provide sufficient training for staff to meet the needs of pupils at the school with medical conditions.
- Ensure that prescription medicines and health care procedures will only be given by staff following appropriate training from medical professionals.
- Work in partnership with parents and medical professionals in order to support the child in meeting medical needs and developing independence to manage the condition.

School Staff

- Staff should use their discretion and judge each case on its merits with reference to the pupil's Individual Healthcare Plan. Staff should make inhalers and medication easily accessible to pupils and administer their medication when and where necessary.
- Staff should give individual, personalised care to pupils even those with the same condition.
- Staff should take the views of the pupil and their parents into account; act on medical evidence and opinion but challenge it when appropriate.
- Staff should encourage pupils with medical conditions to remain in school for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their Individual Healthcare Plans.
- Staff should supervise pupils with medical conditions if they become ill.
- Staff should not penalise pupils for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical conditions e.g. hospital appointments.
- Staff should encourage pupils to drink, eat and take toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively.
- Staff will not force pupils to take medicines or have necessary procedures against their will. They will aim to follow the procedure agreed in the Individual Healthcare Plan and contact parents when alternative options may need to be considered.
- Staff should support parents in meeting the medical needs of their child in school by accepting
 responsibility for the pupil's medical needs at school and encourage pupils with medical
 conditions to participate, in all aspects of school life, including school trips.
- Staff should complete any necessary training required in order to meet a child's medical needs appropriately in school.

Emergency Procedures (see Appendix 3)

In the event that an ambulance needs to be called any member of staff should;

- Ring the emergency service stating the medical condition
- Endeavour to make contact with the parent.
- Accompany the child in the ambulance.
- Take a copy of all medical details including medication.
- Remain with the child until the parent arrives.

Generally staff should not take pupils to hospital in their own car. If it is required then the member of staff should be accompanied by another adult and have public liability vehicle insurance.

Individual Healthcare Plans (see Appendix 1)

The school, healthcare professionals and parents/carers should agree, based on evidence, when an Individual Healthcare Plan would be inappropriate or disproportionate. Where there is a discrepancy an appropriate healthcare professional should be asked to arbitrate.

Individual Healthcare Plans must:

- Be clear and concise.
- Be written in partnership with parents, child, healthcare professional and key staff.
- Be reviewed annually or when there is a change in the condition of the child.
- Be easily accessible whilst preserving confidentiality.
- Securely stored by the Inclusion team.

- Outline educational provision if the pupil is unable to attend school.
- Contain details of the medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments.
- Include relevant SEN information.
- Provide details of the pupil's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements, modifications to buildings, furniture or equipment, and environmental issues e.g. crowded corridors, travel time between lessons.
- Outline specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs for example, how absences will be managed, changes to the school day and details of a personalised curriculum, requirements for extra time to complete exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions etc.
- Outline the level of support needed, (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs), including in emergencies. If a child is self-managing their medication, this should be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring.
- State who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a healthcare professional; and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable.
- State contingency plan and plan of action in the event of an emergency.

Complaints

Parents/carers' concerns about the support provided for their child with a medical condition should be directed, in the first instance, to the designated lead for supporting pupils with medical conditions, Emma Smith, Executive Head. Where parents/carers feel their concerns have not been addressed, they should contact Janet Wilcox, Chair of Governors to make a formal complaint via the school's complaint procedure.

Supporting documents:

Equality Act 2010 SEN Code of Practice SEN Local Offer Supporting Children at school with Medical Conditions-DfE April 2014 Health and Safety at Work Act 1974

Epsom Primary and Nursery School



INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLAN

	PUPIL DETAILS	
Name		Class
Date of Birth		
Home Address		
CONTACT DETAILS		
	First Contact	Second Contact
Name of Contact		
Relationship to child		
Mobile Number		
Work Telephone Number		
GP D	ETAILS	HOSPITAL/ CLINIC DETAILS
Name		
Address		
Contact Telephone Number	·	
·		
DETAILS OF CONDITION (continue overleaf if necessary)		
Describe condition and give		
details of pupil's:		
 Symptoms 		
• Signs		
 Triggers 		
 Emergency signs 		

Including medicinal dosages (if applicable), what treatment does your child require?	
Is there any other information we need to know medically before treating your child?	
Office use Only	

Additional Info:

APPENDIX 2

School Procedures on being informed of a medical need;

- Healthcare professional or parent informs school of medical needs on admission, or if newly diagnosed, or that needs have changed
- First Aid, SENCo and teachers to identify those pupils needing an Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP) with a high level of medical need e.g. diabetes, severe allergic reaction (epi-pen users), and epilepsy.
- Office Manager to record all details of pupils with medical conditions from admission data forms and from annual data check onto SIMs.
- Deputy Head with Responsibility for Inclusion/ EYFS & KS1 SENCo to co-ordinate IHCP through partnership meeting with parents, child, healthcare professionals, key staff as appropriate.
- Agreement reached what support is needed, and who leads on writing the IHCP (guidance p10 DfE document)
- Relevant training from healthcare professionals is provided for all necessary staff to be able to meet the child's medical needs appropriately in school.
- IHCP implemented and circulated to all relevant staff and First Aid team.
- If necessary an additional Healthcare Plan is written with step by step instructions on how to administer appropriate medical procedures in conjunction with relevant healthcare professionals.
- When appropriate, medical supplies are provided by parents in order to ensure a child's medical needs are able to be met in school.
- School will provide the necessary equipment to support the child and staff to administer the medical procedure in line with the Healthcare Plan, seeking advice from the appropriate outside agencies when necessary.
- ICHPs are reviewed annually or when conditions changes. In summer term, letter is sent home to remind parents to make sure spare medicines (inhaler/epi-pens) kept in school are in date.
- Administering non-prescription medicines: written permission must be provided by parents/carers, and filed in reception; if a child is unwell, parental permission must be sought before administering pain relief.
- Record kept of all medicines administered by trained school staff.
- Parent/carers must collect all unused medicines for disposal.
- Risk assessments for school visits and activities off site include relevant medical information.
- All consent forms include a request for medical information.
- List of key staff posted by in staffroom.
- Pupil photographs and details of medical need posted in staffroom.
- Collated information passed to the Inclusion Assistant to include within the school SEND register for circulation to all staff at the start of the academic year.

APPENDIX 3

EMERGENCY PLANNING

Request for an Ambulance to:

Dial 999, ask for ambulance and be ready with the following information.

- 1. Your telephone number: 01372 720608
- 2. Give your location as follows: Epsom Primary and Nursery School, Pound Lane, Epsom, Surrey, KT198SD.
- Give exact location in the school ______
- 4. Give your name ___
- 5. Give brief description of pupil's symptoms/known medical condition
- 6. Inform Ambulance Control of the best entrance and state that the crew will be met and taken to patient.
- 7. Speak clearly and slowly and be ready to repeat information if asked.